



Body parts

Prior learning : colours

Future learning : going to the doctor

VOCABULARY

<i>la tête</i>	head
<i>les épaules</i>	shoulders
<i>les genoux</i>	knees
<i>les doigts de pieds</i>	toes
<i>les yeux</i>	eyes
<i>le nez</i>	nose
<i>la bouche</i>	mouth
<i>les oreilles</i>	ears
<i>les bras</i>	arms
<i>grand</i>	big
<i>petit</i>	small

CULTURE, PLACES, PEOPLE



KEY GRAMMAR FACTS

- All nouns in French have a gender - they are either masculine or feminine. We can tell which gender a noun is by the article that goes before it :

ARTICLE	MASCULINE	FEMININE
a	<i>Un</i>	<i>une</i>
the	<i>le / les</i>	<i>la / les</i>

- Most adjectives go after the noun and not before it as they do in English e.g. *un crayon bleu*
- Most consonants are silent at the end of a word (d,g,m,n,p,s,t,x,z). Silent letters are highlighted in red.

LEARN HOW TO

To ask and answer questions.

Use French phonics to pronounce words correctly.

Memorise new vocabulary using Alain le Lait and *Alouette* song.

How am I doing? 😞 😞 😞

I've got it! 😊 😊

I've nearly got it! 😊

I'm working on it!